

ITEMS 29; Hair analysis

We are agreed that the analytical data indicates that the hair sample attributed to Henri Paul contained albendazole (Zentel®). We know of no evidence that Henri Paul was prescribed albendazole or received it from any other source.

We do not know if the analytical technique used by Dr Pépin for the analysis of drugs in hair would have detected acamprosate. It is possible that acamprosate could be detected in the hair of a patient being treated with the drug using analytical techniques available in 2007.

We have previously agreed that had Henri Paul been taking therapeutic doses of acamprosate then the analytical techniques used by Dr Pépin for the analysis of drugs in blood and tissues should have detected measurable concentrations of the drug.

ITEMS 30; Carbohydrate-deficient transferrin (CDT) analysis

With respect to the assay of the blood attributed to Henri Paul for carbohydrate-deficient transferrin (CDT) we are agreed that false positive results can be obtained in post-mortem samples and, consequently, taken in isolation, the CDT result in this case cannot be said to be probative of recent heavy alcohol use by Henri Paul.

ITEMS 31; DNA analysis

We are agreed that of all the ^{blood} samples attributed to Henri Paul and subjected to toxicological analysis, only one has had its DNA profile characterised.

NA 25/7/07

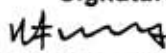

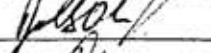
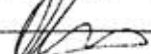
ITEMS 32; Reliability of results

ITEMS 32.2; Consistency of results between the two blood samples and vitreous humour for alcohol

We are agreed, Items 25 and 26 above, that the closeness of the results of the analyses for alcohol in the two blood samples and the vitreous humour sample is unusual.

ITEMS 32.3; Consistency of results for the haemothorax and femoral blood samples for tiapride

We note that the haemothorax and femoral blood tiapride concentrations agree within 0.001µg/mL. We have commented above on the unusually close concordance of the results for alcohol and note a similar concordance in respect of the two blood tiapride concentrations.

| Expert | Signature | Date |
|---------------------------|---|---------|
| Professor Robert Forrest |  | 25/7/07 |
| Professor Atholl Johnston |  | 20/7/07 |
| Professor John Oliver |  | 20/7/07 |
| Professor Peter Vanezis |  | 20/7/07 |